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Your partner in the paddock.





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'Why Choose S&W Seed?'

S&W Seed Company is dedicated to providing the world's farmers with the very best seed varieties and hybrids to maximize their yields and profits, while providing products for peak performance, just as we have for over 40 years.

Our journey began in 1980 with a group of innovative farmers looking to optimise lucerne stock feeds. Over forty years on, S&W Seed Company is now a global leader in lucerne, wheat, pasture species, grain & forage sorghums, sunflower, and other key crops.

Since going public in 2010, S&W has dramatically opened new markets and expanded its research and development focus. Our R&D team collaborates with genetic providers and breeding organisations worldwide, using our proprietary germplasm to create market-leading products for modern cropping and forage systems.

Get in touch with us to learn more about how our Australian expert team can work with you and our premium range of seeds to achieve maximum returns – this season, and every season for your enterprise.



Establishment Guarantee®

At S&W Seed Company Australia, we are so confident in our seed genetics and the quality of our proprietary products, we will replace seed at half the original purchase price if it fails to establish satisfactorily.

Unfortunately, establishment failures can occur, so S&W Seed Company Establishment Guarantee® program* is available for the vital 30-day period after planting, and provides growers with substantial savings should they need to replant their paddocks.

S&W is the only forage company in Australia to offer Establishment Guarantee®. Plant with peace of mind and the support of S&W Seed Company Australia.

^{*} Terms and Conditions apply.







FORAGE CEREALS



Northern Regions

Bronco Forage Oats, Kraken Forage Barley

Southern Regions

Kraken Forage Barley, S&W Overland Forage Oats and Severn Dual Purpose Wheat

Forage cereal planting options to get you through the winter feed gap

S&W Seed Company offers a complete range of forage cereals, offering planting dates from early autumn through until early spring. With the various differences in maturity and development, it is possible to start with Severn, switch to either S&W Overland Forage Oats or Bronco Forage Oats, and then sow Kraken Forage Barley in the early winter. Alternatively, both S&W Overland and Bronco can be sown at a similar time as Kraken. These planting options ensure there is grazing available until spring pasture growth has occurred.

Planting Guide



Early Autumn Bronco Forago Or

Bronco Forage Oats, S&W Overland Forage Oats and Severn



Winter

Bronco Forage Oats, Kraken Forage Barley and S&W Overland Forage Oats



Early Spring

Bronco Forage Oats and S&W Overland Forage Oats

Bronco Forage Oats

Avena sativa

THE IDEAL FORAGE OATS CHOICE FOR NORTHERN **AUSTRALIA**



PROVEN STRONG LEAF RUST RESISTANCE



SUITABLE TO PLANT IN OLD & NORTHERN NSW



Fast establishing autumn-spring growing fodder crop with high feeding value



Wide leaf, true forage oat with high leaf to stem ratio



Excellent recovery from grazing



Suitable for grazing, silage, or hay production

Seeding Rate Drvland

kg/ha 30-50

High Rainfall/Irrigation

50-80

Seed Treatment

None / XLR8™ optional

Features & Benefits

Crown rust resistant Long season of production Excellent warm soil emergence Flexible option when season extends

Rating scale

Early sowing Tillering Maturity Grazing recovery Forage yield Animal performance

Rating scale: 1-9 1 - not recommended

9 - excellent



S&W Overland Forage Oats

Avena sativa

A MID-LATE MATURING FORAGE OAT WITH IMPROVED TILLER PRODUCTION



HIGH YIELDING HIGH **TILLER DENSITY**



SUITABLE TO PLANT IN NSW, VIC, SA, TAS & WA



Fast establishing autumn-spring growing fodder crop with high feeding value



Wide leaf, true forage oat with high leaf to stem ratio



Excellent recovery from grazing



Suitable for grazing, silage, or hay production

Seeding Rate

kg/ha

Dryland

30 - 50

High Rainfall/Irrigation

50-80

Seed Treatment

None / XLR8™ optional

Features & Benefits

Mid-late maturity High yielding variety Excellent recovery from grazing Suitable for grazing or hay production

Rating scale

Early sowing

. ,	3							
	1	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	9
Tillering								
	- 1	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	1	8	\supset
Maturity								
T	- 1	- 1	1	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	9
Grazing re	covery							
	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	\supset
Forage yie	ld							
	1	1	1	1	1	- 1	1	9
Animal nei	rforman	ce						

Rating scale: 1-9

- 1 not recommended
- 9 excellent

Kraken Forage Barley

Hordeum vulgare



AN EARLY MATURING FORAGE BARLEY PERFECT FOR SOWING LATE AND GRAZING EARLY





SUITABLE TO PLANT IN QLD, NSW, VIC, SA & WA



Good disease resistance package



Sow late and graze early



Can be used to provide weed control and soil preparatory
Fast to establish, very quick feed grown on farm and

Kraken Forage Barley is subject to a Variety License

Seeding Rate kg/ha
Dryland 30-50
High Rainfall/Irrigation 50-80

excellent hay option

Seed Treatment

None / XLR8™ optional

Features & Benefits

White seeded, awnless
Early vigour and excellent winter growth

Rating scale

Rating scale: 1-9

- 1 not recommended
- 9 excellent



Severn Dual Purpose Wheat

Triticum aestivum



AN EARLY PLANT OPTION FOR WINTER & SPRING GRAZING, HAY AND SILAGE PRODUCTION



AWNLESS QUICK WINTER FEED WHEAT



SUITABLE TO PLANT IN QLD, NSW, VIC, TAS, SA & WA



Good disease resistance package



Strong straw strength with excellent standability and dense tillering



Improved weed control options compared to oats



Excellent forage yields

Severn Dual Purpose Wheat is subject to a Variety License

Grain Quality

AWW Southern Zone All other regions: Feed

Features & Benefits

Good disease package with strong straw strength and excellent standability

Early sowing forage option due to dense early tillering and winter habit

Excellent forage and grain yields

Flexible management for forage or grain options due to winter habit

Rating scale

Rating scale: 1-9

- 1 not recommended
- 9 excellent



Forage Oats Grazing Trial

2019 | Penfield Research Station

- An irrigated six hectare paddock was divided into 12 half-hectare sections. On May 13, four of these sections were each sown with Bronco Forage Oats, Drover Oats, and Comet Oats.
- Sowing rate was 75 kilograms per hectare.
- 30 Angus x Hereford steers and heifers were split into three grazing groups of 10 animals each, with an average starting weight of 229 kilograms and began grazing the trial on August 19, 15 weeks after sowing.
- The three groups simultaneously grazed each of the varieties throughout the duration of the trial.
- The trial ran for 12 weeks until October 21, each variety at least would be grazed for an equal duration by each group of cattle.
- No other feed or supplements were given to the animals.

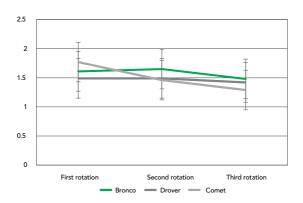
DISCUSSION:

This trial was designed to showcase the quality differences and live weight gain performance between leading and commonly grown oat varieties available now in Australia. With equal grazing time and identical conditions for each of the varieties, the idea behind the trial protocol was to have the individual oat variety as the only variable measured.

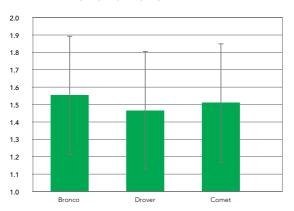
All three varieties established well in a fairly late break to the season and were grazed around 15 weeks after sowing. Grazed from mid-August through to late-October, 12 weeks of solid rotational grazing tested the productivity of all three varieties. Early on, Comet had excellent weight gain as a result of having the most feed at the time of first grazing, however it did not recover as well as the Bronco and Drover and had a poorer finish to the season.

Bronco performed well all throughout the trial. In a year where moisture stress was relevant, the ability of the Bronco to regrow and recover from tough grazing conditions was showcased by the consistency of the weight gain results throughout the duration of the trial. Also, there could have easily been another one or two grazing events from the Bronco if the season did not cut out early drying off. This was very different in comparison with the Drover which was starting to go to head in the last rotation of the trial, and regrowth after the third grazing event was extremely poor.

Daily average kg/day weight gain



Total average kg/day weight gain



Feed test taken prior to first grazing. Samples were taken from fresh pasture cuts and analysed for the following quality characteristics:

	Bronco	Drover	Comet
Dry Matter %	13.0	13.0	12.8
Neutral Detergent Fibre %	36.2	39.3	39.1
Crude Protein %	32.0	29.5	31.7
Digestibility (DMD) %	90.1	87.7	87.1
ME (MJ/Kg DM)	13.9	13.5	13.4

Forage Barley Grazing Trial

2020 | Penfield Research Station

AIM:

This trial was undertaken to assess the performance of later sown forage barley varieties, for winter production and also performance post-grazing late into the season. Kraken Forage Barley is a new, 2 row, white seeded, awnless forage barley that is being released commercially in 2020. The comparator varieties chosen are both market leaders in Moby Forage Barley and Dictator 2 Barley.

METHODS:

- An irrigated six hectare paddock was divided into 12 halfhectare sections. On May 1, four of these sections were each sown with Kraken, Moby and Dictator 2.
- Sowing rate was 75 kilograms per hectare.
- 27 Angus x Hereford steers and heifers were split into three grazing groups of nine animals each, with an average starting weight of 201 kilograms and began grazing the trial on August 7, 14 weeks after sowing.
- The three groups simultaneously grazed each of the varieties throughout the duration of the trial.
- The trial ran for 12 weeks until October 30, each variety at least would be grazed for an equal duration by each group of cattle.
- No other feed or supplements were given to the animals.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION:

All three varieties had excellent vigour out of the ground, and impressive growth rates leading up to the first grazing. All varieties were tested for quality and digestibility prior to first grazing (Table 1). After 14 weeks, the trial was grazed for the first time, and the rotation of the cattle groups through each variety commenced.

Early performance from the varieties for weight gain per day was very similar (Figure 1). Dictator 2 and Moby however did not appear to have the regrowth that the Kraken did in the second, and particularly the third rotation. With a drop in the growth rate of the forage, the live weight gain per day on the cattle dropped performance as well. While not statistically different, the trends shown from the results indicate that Kraken would maintain higher weight gains as the trial went on.

In the final grazing rotation, the Kraken also continued to produce leaf, and digestible forage. Moby and Dictator 2 moved into the reproductive phase, forage production dropped as seed heads emerged (Figure 2). Due to it's significantly longer vegetative phase compared to the other varieties, Kraken could have had another round of grazing with continued high weight gains expected if the trial was continued further. However, the trial was concluded as there was little growth or quality forage left in the other sections.

Daily average kg/day weight gain

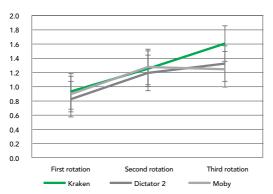


Figure 1: Average weight gain of cattle over the three rotations.

t DM/Ha forage production

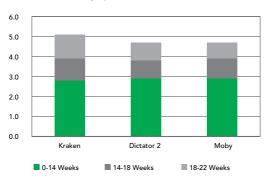


Figure 2: Dry matter production comparison between the three varieties and grazing rotations.

Total average kg/day weight gain

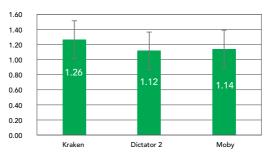


Figure 3: Total average weight gain for each variety for the duration of the trial.

Feed test samples were taken prior to the first grazing from fresh pasture cuts and analysed for standard quality characteristics as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Feed quality results prior to first grazing.

	Kraken	Dictator 2	Moby
Dry Matter %	11.6	11.2	11.6
Neutral Detergent Fibre %	42.9	44.7	46.2
Crude Protein %	27.4	27.0	26.9
Digestibility (DMD) %	87.2	86.8	85.7
ME (MJ/Kg DM)	13.4	13.3	13.1





WINTER LEGUMES



Planting Guide

New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia and Western Australia

S&W Seed Company Studenica Vetch has the best early vigour of all existing common vetch varieties in Australia. In early growth stages, Studenica has medium to large leaves without anthocyanin, the plant is green (RHS group 139B) with narrow to medium leaves, it is early flowering (85-95 days from seeding) with white flowers, medium pod size, medium seed size, greyish seed testa and greyish/brown cotyledons.

Planting Guide



Fantastic early vigour



Higher yield - limited moisture



Seedling frost tolerance



Late sowing allows for better weed control post season break High dry matter and grain yields in short

season areas



White flowers from 'Blanchefleur' parentage

Studenica Vetch

Vicia sativa

LATEST RELEASE COMMON VETCH WITH SEEDLING FROST TOLERANCE

NEW RELEASE

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland30-45None / XLR8™ optional

Features & Benefits

Fantastic early vigour
Seedling frost tolerance
White flowers from 'Blanchefleur' parentage
Can be sown late due to seedling frost tolerance
Late sowing allows for better weed control post season break
High dry matter and grain yields in short season areas

Timok Vetch





Features & Benefits

Maturity between Rasina and Morava
High yield and rust resistance
Very good vigour at flowering
Early dry matter production in short season environments
Excels even in low rainfall situations
High forage quality, ideal feed for livestock operations

Presto Purple Vetch Vicia benghalensis

VERY EARLY MATURING PURPLE VETCH

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland30-45None / XLR8™ optional

Features & Benefits

Earliest maturing purple vetch option
Quick emergence and forage production
Approx 35 days earlier than Popany
Good winter growth
Excellent quality legume for dry matter production
High nitrogen fixation potential for a short season











Tetrone Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum/Westerwolds

MID-MATURING WITH EXCELLENT SEEDLING **VIGOUR**

Seed Treatment Seeding Rate kg/ha Dryland 10-15 None / XLR8™ optional High Rainfall/Irrigation 25-30

Features & Benefits

Excellent establishment vigour Low-cost winter feed production Quick recovery after grazing Heading date +5 days



Koga Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum/Westerwolds

MAXIMISES WINTER AND SPRING PRODUCTION PLUS LATE SPRING QUALITY AND GROWTH

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment Dryland 10-18 None / XLR8™ optional High Rainfall/Irrigation 25-30

Features & Benefits

Rapid establishment Fast regrowth during winter Increased winter and spring feed Heading date +10 days



Loader Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass Lolium multiflorum/Westerwolds

MAXIMISES WINTER AND SPRING PRODUCTION PLUS LATE SPRING QUALITY AND GROWTH

Seeding Rate Seed Treatment kg/ha Dryland 10-15 None / XLR8™ optional High Rainfall/Irrigation 25-30

Features & Benefits

Rapid establishment Fast regrowth during winter Extended spring growth Heading date +16 days

Kiama Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum/Westerwolds

EXCELLENT WINTER PRODUCTION, HOLDING HIGH-QUALITY FEED INTO LATE SPRING

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Dryland 10-15 None High Rainfall/Irrigation 25-30

Seed Treatment None / XLR8™ optional

PRE-COMMERCIAL 2025

Features & Benefits

Late heading to maintain feed quality for longer into spring Improved persistence over traditional annual ryegrasses Fast establishment with quick regrowth Heading date +20 days

Maheno Tetraploid Italian Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum

MID-MATURING WITH EXCELLENT SEEDLING VIGOUR

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland10-15None / XLR8™ optionalHigh Rainfall/Irrigation 25-30

Features & Benefits

Rapid establishment Fast regrowth during winter Extended spring growth Heading date +18 days

Mazzoletti Tetraploid Italian Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum

PRODUCES HIGH-QUALITY FEED LATE INTO THE SEASON WITH A ROBUST RUST PACKAGE

Seeding RateDryland
10-15
High Rainfall/Irrigation 25-30

Seed Treatment None / XLR8™ optional

PRE-COMMERCIAL 2025

Features & Benefits

Late heading to maintain feed quality late into the spring High tiller density providing fast canopy closure Outlasting other Italian ryegrasses with good persistence where conditions allow Heading date +17 days



NEW

RELEASE

NEW RELEASE



Bermagui Diploid Italian Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum

VERY HIGH YIELDING RYEGRASS WHICH PRODUCES STRONG YEAR-ROUND GROWTH AND PERSISTENCE

Features & Benefits

FULL-COMMERCIAL 2025

High tiller density for strong persistance and increased production
Strong winter and spring production
Quick establishment into existing pastures

Heading date +10 days

Sorrento D

Lolium multifle

MODERN RYE

Sorrento Diploid Italian RyegrassLolium multiflorum

MODERN RYEGRASS BRED FOR HIGH WINTER AND SPRING PRODUCTION

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland15-20None / XLR8™ optionalHigh Rainfall/Irrigation20-25

Features & Benefits

Rapid establishment Fast regrowth during winter High stock performance Heading date +16 days



Valley Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Lolium perenne

VERY EARLY FLOWERING (-17 DAYS) SELECTED FOR EXCELLENT WINTER GROWTH

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland8-14None / XLR8™ optionalHigh Rainfall/Irrigation20-25

Features & Benefits

Summer dormant Very early heading Suited to dry environments Heading date -17 days

Drylander Diploid Perennial Ryegrass

Lolium perenne

HIGHLY PERSISTENT PERENNIAL GROWN ONLY ON DRYLAND PADDOCKS TO MAINTAIN SURVIVABILITY



Features & Benefits

Good persistence Grazing tolerance Suited to marginal perennial ryegrass country Heading date -7 days

Impact Diploid Long Rotation Ryegrass

Lolium perenne





Features & Benefits

Very late heading date +21 days Excellent persistence Maintains good pasture density for several years

Greenmount Hybrid Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum x L. boucheanum

SUITED TO OVERSOWING, QUICK ESTABLISHING WITH EXCEPTIONAL DRY MATTER PERFORMANCE AND PALATABILITY

Seeding Rate kg/ha Dryland 10-15 Nor High Rainfall/Irrigation 25-30

Seed Treatment None / XLR8™ optional

PRE-COMMERCIAL 2025

Features & Benefits

Fast establishment vigour for oversowing existing pastures Very strong autumn and winter growth High-quality feed, great palatability delivering excellent animal performance Heading date +18 days







Middini Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Lolium perenne

BRED FOR STRONG PERSISTENCE IN A SHEEP AND BEEF ENVIRONMENT. QUICK WINTER AND EARLY SPRING GROWTH TO FINISH OFF ANY ANIMAL

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland8-12None / XLR8™ optional

High Rainfall/Irrigation 20-25

Features & Benefits

PRE-COMMERCIAL 2025

High tiller density and persistence in dryer environments Late heading date (+1 day) with low aftermath heading providing fantastic regrowth Excellent growth rates throughout winter and spring



Moana Diploid Perennial Ryegrass

Lolium perenne

BRED FOR HIGH PRODUCTION AND TILLER DENSITY, RESULTING IN THE IDEAL COMBINATION OF PRODUCTION AND PERSISTENCE

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland8-12None / XLR8™ optionalHigh Rainfall/Irrigation20-25

Features & Benefits

High tiller density and persistence Late heading date (+14 days) with low aftermath heading providing fantastic regrowth Excellent growth rates throughout winter and spring



Almonta Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Lolium perenne

BRED FOR THE DRYLAND BEEF AND DAIRY MARKET. A STRONG AND PERSISTENT VARIETY THAT WILL BE IN YOUR PADDOCK FOR MANY YEARS

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland8-12None / XLR8™ optionalHigh Rainfall/Irrigation 20-25

Features & Benefits

Very persistent with strong tiller density Late heading date (+15 days) with low aftermath heading providing fantastic regrowth Excellent growth rates throughout winter and spring

San Remo Dipoid Perennial Ryegrass

Lolium perenne

BRED FOR HIGH PRODUCTION AND TILLER
DENSITY. VERY LATE HEADING DATE MAXIMISES
SEASONAL PRODUCTION AND FEED QUALITY

NEW RELEASE

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland8-12None / XLR8™ optionalHigh Rainfall/Irrigation20-25

Features & Benefits

Increased feed production throughout the year High stock performance Good resilience to hard grazing and dry periods Heading date +24 days

Coorong Tetraploid Perennial Ryegrass

Lolium perenne

LATE-SEASON RYEGRASS DEVELOPED FOR GRAZING PERSISTENCE AND STRONG LIVE WEIGHT GAINS



Features & Benefits

High tiller density and persistence Excellent growth rates throughout winter and spring Very late heading date +20 days

Australis Australian Phalaris

Phalaris aquatica

AN IMPROVED VARIETY SELECTED FOR PERSISTENCE AND PRODUCTIVITY



Features & Benefits

Very persistent Drought tolerant Reliable persistence Summer growth



NEW RELEASE



Sunrise Phalaris

Phalaris aquatica

DEEP-ROOTED PERENNIAL WITH HIGH QUALITY WINTER AND SUMMER PRODUCTION

Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	2-4	None / XLR8™ optional
High Rainfall/Irrigation	4-8	·

Features & Benefits

Early-mid maturity
Low alkaloids
Increased seedling vigour for successful establishment



Brighton Oceanic Cocksfoot

Dactylis glomerata

ROBUST INTERMEDIATE TYPE COCKSFOOT BRED FOR ITS SOFT LEAF, HIGH PALATABILITY AND PERSISTENCE IN TOUGH AUSTRALIAN CONDITIONS

Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	3-4	None / XLR8™ optional
High Rainfall/Irrigation	n 6-10	·

Features & Benefits

Excellent tolerance to acid soils
Very persistent with strong tolerance to light and infertile soils
Strong heat tolerance and summer production
Early-mid maturity



Origin Winter Active Tall Fescue

Festuca arundinacea

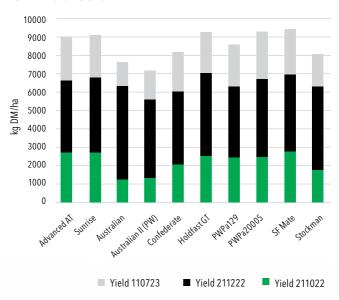
DROUGHT TOLERANT BRED FOR EXCELLENT WINTER GROWTH AND SUMMER DORMANCY

Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	10-15	None / XLR8™ optional
High Rainfall/Irrigat	ion 20-25	·

Features & Benefits

Exceptional winter growth
Truly summer-dormant
Soft leaves
Tolerant of climates with hot and dry summers

2022 Phalaris trial





Understanding the importance of ryegrass heading dates

Ryegrass heading date is when a paddock has 50% of the plant seed heads visually emerged.

Ryegrass heading date influences pasture production in two ways.

- Early to mid-season flowing ryegrass produces increased dry matter throughout winter and early spring.
- Later heading ryegrass produce high-quality leafy / feed later in the season.

Very Early	Valley Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Drylander Diploid Perennial Ryegrass
Early	Nui Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Middini Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Tetila Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass
Mid	Tetrone Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass Rocket Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass Bermagui Diploid Italian Ryegrass
Late	Almonta Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Diplex Diploid Italian Ryegrass Sorrento Diploid Italian Ryegrass Moana Diploid Perennial Ryegrass Loader Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass Koga Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass Kiama Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass Maheno Tetraploid Italian Ryegrass
Very Late	Mazzoletti Tetraploid Italian Ryegrass Coorong Tetraploid Perennial Ryegrass Greenmount Hybrid Ryegrass Impact Diploid Long Rotation Ryegrass

San Remo Dipoid Perennial Ryegrass





Enduromax Balansa Clover

Trifolium michelianum

EARLY MATURING BALANSA WITH ELITE WINTER PRODUCTION

Seed Treatment Seeding Rate kg/ha Goldstrike® Dryland 4-6

High Rainfall/Irrigation 8-12

Features & Benefits

Earliest balansa clover variety Very high hard seed levels Good early winter growth compared to other balansa clover varieties

Reliable hard seed base for long term regenerating pastures



Border Balansa Clover

Trifolium michelianum

MID-MATURITY BALANSA WITH EXCELLENT PERSISTENCE

Seed Treatment Seeding Rate kg/ha Dryland 4-6 Goldstrike® High Rainfall/Irrigation 8-12

Features & Benefits Heading date similar to Paradana High hard seed levels Waterlogging tolerant Excellent regenerating annual for late season environments with wet winters Highly digestible feed source



Baler Balansa Clover

Trifolium michelianum

VERY LATE MATURING BALANSA FOR **MAXIMUM YIELD POTENTIAL**

Seed Treatment Seeding Rate kg/ha Dryland 4-6 Goldstrike® High Rainfall/Irrigation 8-12

Features & Benefits

Very late maturing Waterlogging tolerant Good cold tolerance

Excellent regrowth from grazing and cutting

Renegade Red Clover

Trifolium pratense

HIGH YIELDING, SHORT-TERM RED CLOVER



Features & Benefits

Tetraploid type
Erect growing 'hay type'
High yielding
Good disease tolerance
Excellent hay type for top end forage yield and annual mixes

Turbo Persian Clover

Trifolium resupinatum sub species majus

LATE SEASON PERSIAN WITH EXCELLENT RECOVERY FROM GRAZING OR HARVEST



Features & Benefits

Excellent seedling establishment and winter growth Very late maturing variety
Good frost tolerance
Highly digestible source of forage

SARDI Persian Clover

Trifolium resupinatum

HARD SEEDED TYPE WITH MID MATURITY



Features & Benefits

Highly digestible forage legume Tolerant of waterlogging Hard seeded Persian clover 'resupinatum' type Excellent feed conversion for grazing animals







Dalsa Sub Clover

Trifolium subterranean

EARLY MATURITY CONVENTIONAL SUB WITH GREAT EARLY VIGOUR

Seeding RateDryland

8-14
High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20 **Seed Treatment**Goldstrike LongLife®

Features & Benefits

Early maturing with high levels of hard seed Strong burr burial strength Excellent base legume for regenerating pasture Reliable seed set in early seasons, high hard seed for drought proofing



Hatrik Sub Clover

Trifolium subterranean sub species yanninicum

MID MATURITY WHITE SEEDED SUB CLOVER WITH WATERLOGGING TOLERANCE

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland8-14Goldstrike LongLife®High Rainfall/Irrigation15-20

Features & Benefits

White seeded 'yanninicum' type
Excellent tolerance to waterlogging
Persistent in high rainfall and irrigated environments with
particularly wet winters
Versatile regenerating variety



Clare2 Sub Clover

Trifolium subterranean sub species brachycalycinum

MID MATURITY, LARGE LEAF 'BRACHY' TYPE SUB CLOVER

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland8-14Goldstrike LongLife®High Rainfall/Irrigation15-20

Features & Benefits

Large leaf 'brachycalycinum' type Mid maturity variety Excellent early vigour Adaptable to a range of soil types

Ovaflow Sub Clover

Trifolium subterranean

LATE MATURITY CONVENTIONAL SUB FOR HIGH YIELDS IN REGENERATING PASTURES



Features & Benefits

Late maturing conventional sub clover Good burr burial strength Tolerant to hard levels of grazing High yield potential in late season environments

Casper White Clover

Trifolium repens

EARLY MATURING VARIETY WITH LARGE ILEAF SIZE



Features & Benefits

Early maturing variety
Large leaf trait
Excellent permanent pasture option
Quick recovery from grazing, suits rotational grazing systems with a grass base

Jumbo White Clover

Trifolium repens

LATE MATURING 'LADINO' TYPE

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed TreatmentDryland 3-4 Goldstrike®
High Rainfall/Irrigation 5-8

Features & Benefits

'Ladino' type with large leaves Excellent recovery from grazing High heat tolerance gives 'year-round' production Highly digestible feed for elite animal performance





Riesling White Clover

Trifolium repens

EARLY MATURING VARIETY WITH HIGH STOLON DENSITY

Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	3-4	Goldstrike®

High Rainfall/Irrigation 5-8

Features & Benefits

High stolon density Strong root system Highly persistent in higher rainfall environments Highly digestible forage



SARDI Rose Clover

Trifolium hirtum

HIGH PERSISTENT ROSE CLOVER WITH IMPROVED HARD SEEDS

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment
Dryland 5-8 Goldstrike®
High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-15

Features & Benefits

Highest hard seed levels of any rose clover Pioneering species Tolerant to mildly acidic soils Persists and regenerates in soils with low fertility



Zulumax Arrowleaf Clover

Trifolium vesiculosum

LONG SEASON VARIETY WITH HIGH YIELD POTENTIAL

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland6-10Goldstrike®High Rainfall/Irrigation10-15

Features & Benefits

Late heading date Adaptable to heavy and low pH soils Low bloat potential Very high potential yield

Alexandria Berseem Clover

Trifolium alexandrinum

TRUE MULTI-CUT BERSEEM CLOVER



Features & Benefits

Quick establishment vigour Multiple cut variety Low bloat potential High forage yield potential

Bartolo Bladder Clover

Trifolium spumosum

ADAPTABLE OVER WIDE SOIL TYPES, VERY HIGH LEVELS OF HARD SEED



Features & Benefits

Adaptable to a wide range of soil types Some tolerance to RLEM Very high hard seed levels Suitable for low rainfall pastures

Emperor Barrel Medic

Medicago truncatula

LATE MATURING BARREL MEDIC WITH POWDERY MILDEW RESISTANCE

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed TreatmentDryland 10-15 Goldstrike LongLife®
High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20

Features & Benefits

Powdery Mildew resistant
Excellent dry matter production and grazing recovery
Good grazing tolerance

Product developed in collaboration with MLA, S&W & SARDI







Penfield Barrel Medic

Medicago truncatula

EARLY MATURING SPINELESS BARREL MEDIC WITH SU HERBICIDE RESIDUE TOLERANCE

Seeding Rate kg/ha
Dryland 10-15
High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20

Features & Benefits

Spineless barrel medic
SU herbicide residue tolerance
First medic variety with elite combination
of spineless trait and SU herbicide residue
tolerance in a barrel medic

Seed Treatment

Goldstrike LongLife®

Product developed in collaboration with MLA, S&W & SARDI





Bindaroo Button Medic

Medicago orbicularis

A PROSTRATE GROWING MEDIC WITH HIGH HARD SEEDS AND PERSISTENCE

Seeding Rate kg/ha
Dryland 10-15
High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20

Seed Treatment

Goldstrike LongLife®

Features & Benefits

Button shaped seed pod Ultra high hard seed level Semi-prostrate growth habit



Caliph Barrel Medic

Medicago truncatula

VERY EARLY MATURING APHID RESISTANT BARREL MEDIC

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed TreatmentDryland 10-15 Goldstrike LongLife®
High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20

Features & Benefits

Very early maturing Barrel shaped seed pod Aphid resistance Excellent base legume for low rainfall pasture grazing

Cavalier Spineless Burr Medic

Medicago polymorpha var brevispina

HIGHLY ADAPTABLE ANNUAL MEDIC WITH VERSATILE USES



Features & Benefits

Very early maturing Barrel shaped seed pod Aphid resistance Excellent base legume for low rainfall pasture grazing

Seraph Strand Medic

Medicago littoralis

POWDERY MILDEW RESISTANT, SU RESIDUE TOLERANT STRAND MEDIC



Features & Benefits

Excellent early vigour and winter production Resistant to SU Herbicide and Powdery Mildew Good adaptation to alkaline sandy loam in low rainfall Palatable at all growth stages

Silver Snail Medic

Medicago scutellata

SNAIL MEDIC VARIETY WITH EXCELLENT VIGOUR AND PERSISTENCE

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed TreatmentDryland 15-18 Goldstrike LongLife®
High Rainfall/Irrigation 18-25

Features & Benefits

Early maturing
'Snail' shaped seed pod
Erect growth habit with very early bulk
Excellent hay option
Some tolerance to lower pH soils



Clover - Species Identification and Agronomic Traits

Variety & Species	Annual/ Perennial	Maturity	Hard Seed
Turbo Persian	Annual	Very late/ multi-cut	Low
Sardi Persian	Annual	Mid	High
Zulumax Arrowleaf	Annual	Late	High
White Cloud Crimson	Annual	Mid	Soft
Alexandria Berseem	Annual	Mid-late	Low
Sardi Rose	Annual	Early-mid	Medium
Bartolo Bladder	Annual	Early	High
Enduromax Balansa	Annual	Early	High
Border Balansa	Annual	Mid	High
Baler Balansa	Annual	Late	High
Renegade Red	Perennial	Mid	-
Haifa White	Perennial	Early	-
Casper White	Perennial	Early	-
Jumbo White	Perennial	Late	-
Palestine Strawberry	Perennial	Early	High
Dalsa Sub	Self-regenerating	Early (97 d)	High
Hatrik Sub	Self-regenerating	Mid (114 d)	Low
Clare 2 Sub	Self-regenerating	Mid (130 d)	Low
Ovaflow Sub	Self-regenerating	Late (140 d)	Low

Waterlogging	Other Traits
Tolerant	Good heat and frost tolerance, low bloat, large leaf.
Tolerant	Low growth points. Regenerates from hard seed.
Poor	Deep taproot, low bloat, poor winter growth. Regenerates from hard seed.
Poor	Taproot, good early vigour, and winter growth. White colour reduces bitter compounds.
Tolerant	Good early vigour, susceptible to frost, some salt tolerance.
Poor	Pioneering species (acidic, dry, low fertility).
Poor	Susceptible to frost. Regenerates from hard seed.
Tolerant	Good winter production. Regenerates from hard seed.
Tolerant	Frost tolerant. Regenerates from hard seed.
Tolerant	Spring sow – slow establishment. Regenerates from hard seed.
Moderately tolerant	Upright/hay type
Moderately tolerant	Common, large leaf, high stolon density
Moderately tolerant	Large leaf, improved early vigour
Moderately tolerant	Ladino type, vigour, heat tolerance
Tolerant	Deep-rooted, drought and salt tolerant. Regenerates from hard seed.
Poor	Subterranean, burr burial 9
Tolerant	Yanninicum, burr burial 5
Poor	Brachycalycinum, burr burial 1
Poor	Subterranean, burr burial 6

Medic Identification



Cavalier Spineless Burr



Bindaroo Button



Burr



Caliph Barrel



Paraggio Barrel



Penfield Spineless Barrel



Silver Snail



Seraph Strand





SW9720 Lucerne

Medicago sativa

OUTSTANDING YIELDS AND QUALITY UNDER SALTY CONDITIONS

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment

Dryland 4-8 Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™ High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-20

Features & Benefits

Highly winter active

Developed in saline conditions

Extended cutting and grazing opportunities in autumn and winter

Produces high quality and exceptional yields



L92 Lucerne Medicago sativa

MULTIPLE HAY AND SILAGE OPPORTUNITIES THROUGHOUT THE SEASON & RANGE OF ENVIRONMENTS

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment

Dryland 4-8 Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™ High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-20

Features & Benefits

Highly winter active Very quick regrowth after cutting or grazing Persistent under a wide range of conditions Suited to a wide range of soil types



L91 Lucerne Medicago sativa

AN ECONOMICAL OPTION WITH STRONG GROWTH IN AUTUMN/WINTER MAXIMISING YEAR ROUND PRODUCTION

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment

Dryland 4-8 Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™ High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-20

Features & Benefits

Highly winter active
Outstanding seedling vigour
Extended grazing ability and hay in autumn and winter
Good for rotations in both dairy and cropping

Q75 Lucerne

Medicago sativa

DEMONSTRATED SUPERIOR QUALITY CHARACTERISTICS IN LABORARTORY TESTS AND ANIMAL FEEDING TRIALS



Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	4-8	Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™
High Rainfall/Irriga	tion 10-20	· ·

Features & Benefits

Excellent leaf retention with large leaf size Increased greenness in the bale Improved forage quality and winter production Produces high quality feed

L71 Lucerne

Medicago sativa

AN ECONOMICAL OPTION WITH STRONG GROWTH IN AUTUMN/ WINTER MAXIMISING YEAR ROUND PRODUCTION

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland4-8Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-20

Features & Benefits

Highly grazing tolerant High pest and disease rating Offers a high quality flexible option Produces high quality hay

L70 Lucerne

Medicago sativa

COST EFFECTIVE, RELIABLE AND ROBUST ALTERNATIVE TO AURORA

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland4-8Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™High Rainfall/Irrigation10-20

Features & Benefits

Economical option
Good pest and disease package
Reliable yields under wide conditions





ML66 MultiLeaf Lucerne

Medicago sativa

OFFERS A NEW GENERATION OF MULTILEAF LUCERNE WITH IMPROVED PERSISTENCE AND QUALITY

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment

Dryland 4-8 Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™ High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-20

Features & Benefits

Highly expressive MultiLeaf trait
Low crown
Produces high quality hay and silage
Persistent under heavy traffic
Can be used in multi operation farming systems



SW6330 Lucerne

Medicago sativa

RECOVERS RAPIDLY FROM GRAZING AND CUTTING AND HAS EXCELLENT PERSISTENCE

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment

Dryland 4-8 Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™ High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-20

Features & Benefits

High pest and disease rating Produces high quality and exceptional yields Recovers rapidly after cutting and grazing High stand persistence



GTL60 Lucerne Medicago sativa

BROAD LOW SET CROWN, HIGH FORAGE VALUES,
RUMINANT PALATABILITY AND PEST & DISEASE RATINGS

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment

Dryland 4-8 Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™ High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-20

Features & Benefits

Rapid regrowth after grazing or cutting Very high grazing tolerance Produces high quality forage Increased grazing rotations

L56 Lucerne

Medicago sativa

THE BENCHMARK DUAL PURPOSE GRAZING AND HAY LUCERNE IN AUSTRALIA



Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland4-8Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™High Rainfall/Irrigation10-20

Features & Benefits

Produces high quality and high yielding hay and forage Semi winter dormant Highly persistent

Q31 Lucerne

Medicago sativa

PREMIUM QUALITY, SUPERIOR LEAF RETENTION TRAIT, AND HIGHEST NUTRITIVE VALUE IN HAY, SILAGE & CHAFF

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland4-8Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™High Rainfall/Irrigation10-20

Features & Benefits

Winter dormant
Premium grade hay, chaff and silage
High quality option with increased flexibility in cutting times



Lucerne Dormancy Characteristics

	DORMANT & SEMI-WINTER DORMANT	
Growth	95% summer 5% winter	
Cutting Schedule	38-42 Days	
Number of cuts	4-5/season	
Crown type	Broad & Crown below ground	
Utilization	Specialist (hay/silage/chaff) Long term hay or pasture mix High rainfall or Irrigation	
Stand Life	7+ years with good management	
Recommended Variety	GTL60, SW6330, ML66 MultiLeaf, L56, Q31	
	WINTER ACTIVE	
Growth	90% summer 10% winter	
Cutting Schedule	33-35 days	
Number of cuts	5-7/Season	
Crown type	Broader & Lower Crown	
Utilization	Dual purpose (grazing/hay) Longer term pasture or hay Dryland and Irrigation	
Stand Life	5-7 years with good management	
Recommended Variety	L70, L71, Q75	
	HIGHLY WINTER ACTIVE	
Growth	80% summer 20% winter	
Cutting Schedule	25-28 days	
Number of cuts	7-10/season	
Crown type	Narrow & Higher Crown	
Utilization	Dual purpose (grazing/hay) Short term cropping rotation Dryland and Irrigation	
Stand Life	3-4 years with good management	
Recommended Variety	SW9720, L91, L92	

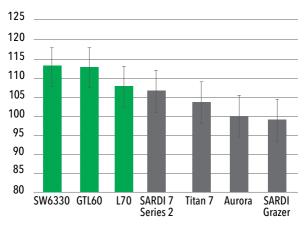






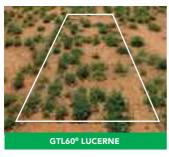
TRIAL RESULTS

Multi year, multi site Dorm 6/7 Lucerne dry matter production, kg DM/ha expressed as % of check variety Aurora



No. Trials: 5 / No. Years: 5 / CV: 12.99 / LSD: 0.57

Active material has distinctly dropped off in the recent two years

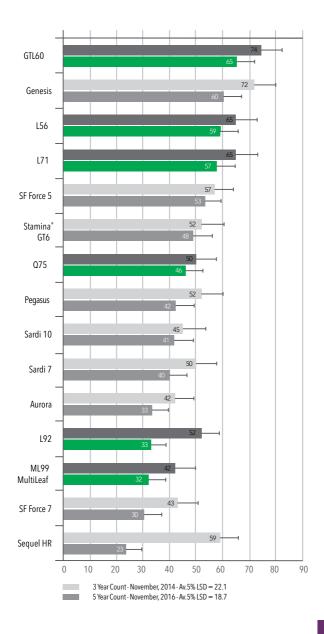




S&W Seed company has taken the term 'grazing tolerant' very seriously with its selection of new lucerne material. The ability to select plant germplasm through a five-year intensive grazing trial has proven critical to giving farmers confidence in new lines coming through the S&W lucerne breeding program. The strength of this trialling model will be replicated in the future with more selections being made with this key grazing tolerance trait.

Percentage of residual plants after three and five years of grazing.

Lucerne stands are grazed to restrict flowering over a three year period to increase pressure on plants.



The L70 Advantage

- L70 Lucerne offer higher winter growth over Aurora
- Superior forage genetics higher leaf to stem ratio.
- Minimum 85 per cent germination standards exceed the current minimum the certified standard for Aurora of only 65 percent.
- These attributes, combined with superior plant genetics makes L70 Lucerne an excellent new alternative to Aurora.

L70 Lucerne offers producers higher returns and allows them to plant with confidence knowing they are covered by the Establishment Guarantee™ program, whereas common lucernes are not.

Agronomic Features

S&W Seed Company L70 Lucerne has become a leading winter active lucerne variety in the Australian market and an excellent fit for both grazing or forage production. The L70 Lucerne advantage compared to Aurora include the following agronomic characteristics:

Better establishment vigour

Consistently faster to establish, providing a competitive edge. Ideal for undersowing crops or in pasture mixes.

Higher winter production (activity rating of 7 vs. 6)

Faster to recover after cutting or grazing and extends growth to bridge late-autumn and early spring feed gaps.

High resistance to more pests and diseases

Improved persistence across all rainfall zones.

Very good forage quality

Fine stems and superior leaf retention compared to other winter active varieties.

Disease Rating Comparison

VARIETY	L70 Lucerne	Aurora
SPOTTED ALFALFA APHID	HR	HR
BLUE GREEN APHID	HR	HR
PHYTOPHTHORA ROOT ROT	R	R
ANTHRACNOSE	R	MR
BACTERIAL WILT	R	LR
STEM NEMATODE	R	R



LEAF TRAIT COMPARISON

L70 LUCERNE (LEFT) EXHIBITING
HIGHER LEAF CARRYING TRAIT
COMPARED TO OLDER PLANT GENETICS
EXHIBITED IN AURORA (RIGHT)

TRIAL RESULTS

L70 LUCERNE V AURORA

YIELD RESULTS & PRICING COMPARISON

L70 Lucerne offers very competitive pricing to Aurora and therefore similar per hectare input seed costs.

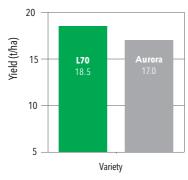
	L70	AURORA
Total yield	18.5 t/ha	17.0 t/ha
Hay returns/ha at \$300t	\$5,550/ha	\$5,100/ha

EXTRA HAY RETURNS

\$300 PER HECTARE, PER YEAR

Source: S&W Seed Company, L70 Lucerne Grazing Trial, 2011, Penfield Research Station. Five years, four irrigated sites, 46 cuts.

Locations: Virginia SA, Struan SA, Forbes NSW & Wagga Wagga NSW.



▲ **EIGHT PERCENT** YIELD INCREASE

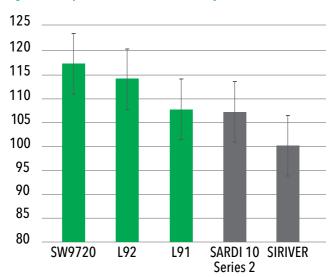
	L70	AURORA
Increased Forage Quality	1	×
Better Disease Profile	1	×
Higher DM Production	1	×
Increased Germination %	1	×
Establishment Guarantee®	1	×

New Highly Winter Active Genetics

The S&W Lucerne breeding program has a long history of developing highly winter active varieties with outstanding forage yields and quality, with robust pest and disease packages. The current commercial highly winter active portfolio available for customers is no exception.

Over the last five years, the S&W lucerne breeding team has developed new lucerne varieties in the 8 to 10 dormancy ranges that consistently outperform current commercial varieties. The graph below shows that customers can produce up to an extra 16% kg DM/ha per year, growing S&W elite varieties, based in the extensive multi-season and multi-site evaluation program.

Multi year, Multi Site Dorm 9 Lucerne dry matter production, kg DM/ha expressed as % of check variety Siriver



No. Trials: 5 / No. Years: 5 / CV: 12.99 / LSD: 0.57



PHYTOPHTHORA ROOT ROT PHYTOPHTHORA MEDICAGINIS

DESCRIPTION: Plants turn yellow, wilt and die. Areas of light brown discolouration up to five centimetres long occur on the taproot up to 30 centimetres below the crown. The

taproot below the discoloured area will rot away completely.

INCIDENCE: Occurs in Australia, particularly in heavy and/or poorly drained soils and wet conditions. The disease can be severe, killing large numbers of seedlings, scattered plants or large patches in mature seeds. In irrigated stands, plants can survive. Water availability keeps the taproots immediately below the crown alive, but forage yields are reduced.

SPREAD: The fungus spreads rapidly in water over considerable distances.

MANAGEMENT: Use resistant varieties and spell the paddock from lucerne. Do not rotate with chickpeas. Avoid waterlogging irrigated stands on heavy soils.



COLLETOTRICHUM CROWN ROT OR STEM ANTHRACNOSE COLLETOTICHUM TRIFOLII

DESCRIPTION: Brown-black spots on the stems develop into well defined boat shaped lesions that are up to 25 millimetres long,

dark around the edges with pale centres, and covered in raised dark spots.

The fungus can also enter the crown, causing a blue-black discolouration of five to eight centimetres into the taproot. In mature stands, the dead stems are white or straw coloured with a shepherd's crook appearance. Plant death occurs gradually.

INCIDENCE: Occurs throughout Australia in warm environments with high humidity. It is more severe from late summer to autumn. It is less likely in drier and cooler climates.

SPREAD: Spores spread in warm, wet weather from plant debris and from the crown of infected plants by raindrop splash and harvesting equipment.

MANAGEMENT: Use disease resistant varieties and, if crown rot and anthracnose have been severe, rotate the crop every three years with non-host plants.

Photos supplied by Queensland Department of Primary Industries



PEA APHID (PA) – ACYRTHOSIPHON PISUM

DESCRIPTION: Green in colour, though some may be yellow or pink. They are four to five millimetres long with dark bands around the antennae and spine-like projections on both

sides at the rear of their bodies. Adults may have wings. Nymphs are smaller and wingless.

DAMAGE: PA sucks sap from the leaves causing wilting, stunting and curling, and odd-shaped plants. The top leaves often turn light green while the lower turn yellow and die. Honeydew excreted by PA makes foliage sticky, affecting hay and pasture quality. PA is a significant carrier of the alfalfa mosaic virus.

INCIDENCE: Common in southern Australia, Western Australia and New South Wales during dry conditions in spring and autumn, although economic levels of damage are rare.

MANAGEMENT: Monitor beneficial insects. Irrigate or graze the stand to reduce PA numbers. In irrigated hay stands, use insecticides if the infestation is heavy.



FUSARIUM WILT - FUSARIUM OXYSPORUM F.SP.MEDICAGINIS

DESCRIPTION: Initially, plants are stunted with wilted shoots and yellow leaves. The infection then bleaches the leaves and stems, eventually causing plant death. Dark

red-brown streaks develop in a layer under the bark at the base of the stem forming a reddish-brown ring in the centre of the root.

INCIDENCE: Fusarium wilt is not common. The Fusarium fungus is widespread but rarely causes wilt. Fusarium wilt has not been identified in New South Wales.

SPREAD: The fungus survives for long periods in decaying plants. It invades small roots or wounds in the taproot during warm, wet weather.

MANAGEMENT: Controlled by crop rotation and resistant varieties.



STEM NEMATODE - DITYLENCHUS DIPSACI

DESCRIPTION: Microscopic eelworms are individually difficult to see with the naked eye. Sometimes they mass on or just below the surface to form visible "eel-worm wool."

These can survive desiccation and be transported in hay to start new infestations.

DAMAGE: Plants are dwarfed and distorted, with swollen shoots. Leaves are distorted and clustered towards the ends of stems. Plants die in patches.

INCIDENCE: Occur in southern Australia, common in irrigated stands on river flats, with the greatest severity in the spring.

MANAGEMENT: Sow resistant varieties, plough out badly infested stands and practice crop rotation.



BACTERIAL WILT - CLAVIBACTER MICHIGANENSIS SSP.INSIDIOSUS

DESCRIPTION: Yellow and stunted plants with small leaves are scattered through the stand. The inner bark of the taproot is white, while the exposed root centre is yellowish.

INCIDENCE: Common in southern Australia but has not been reported in the southeast of South Australia. It often occurs in autumn in irrigated stands. It is not found in the dry, inland subtropics of Queensland and northern New South Wales.

SPREAD: The bacteria persist in soil for more than ten years. The disease is spread by stem nematodes and through hay and machinery.

MANAGEMENT: Sow certified seed of resistant varieties.



SPOTTED ALFALFA APHID (SAA) - THERIOAPHIS TRIFOLII

DESCRIPTION: Adults are pale yellowishgreen, two millimetres long, with six or more rows of black spots along their backs. Adults may have wings. Nymphs are smaller and wingless.

DAMAGE: Adults and nymphs suck sap from the stems or the undersides of lower leaves. Before that, leaf veins become yellow or white, and the leaves curl and drop off. SAA inject a toxin that can kill seedlings and mature plants.

Honeydew excreted by SAA causes foliage to become sticky and develop a black, sooty mould.

INCIDENCE: Occur throughout Australia in dry conditions, mainly in the spring and autumn.

MANAGEMENT: Plant resistant varieties. Monitor beneficial insects. Irrigate or graze the stand to reduce SAA numbers. In irrigated hay stands, use insecticides if the infestation is heavy.



BLUEGREEN APHID (BGA) - ACYRTHOSIPHON KONDOI

DESCRIPTION: Adults vary from pale green-grey to dark green-blue and are three millimetres long and have tube-like projections on either side at the rear of their

bodies. Adults may have wings. Nymphs are smaller and wingless.

DAMAGE: Adults and nymphs suck sap from the leaves and stems at the growing points, causing shortened internodes between the leaves at the top of each stem, stunted plants, leaf curling, and leaf yellowing. Honeydew excreted by BGA makes the foliage sticky and affects hay and pasture quality. BGA does not kill mature plants.

INCIDENCE: Occur throughout Australia, and most active during the cooler months, particularly dry conditions.

MANAGEMENT: Plant resistant varieties. Monitor beneficial insects. Irrigate or graze the stand to reduce BGA numbers. In irrigated hay stands, use insecticides if the infestation is heavy.

Why Choose a S&W Lucerne?

- Range of winter activity, with dormancy available from 3-10
- Elite forage yields and quality
- Rapid regrowth after cutting or grazing
- High resistance to pests and diseases
- Suited to a variety of environmental conditions
- Increased grazing tolerance and persistence
- Flexibility in a mixed farming operation
- S&W Seed Company Establishment Guarantee Program



FORAGE HERBS & BRASSICA



Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, South Australia and Western Australia.



Autumn

Compass Chicory, Balance Chicory, Subzero Hybrid Forage Brassica, Ranger Plantain, Samurai White Mustard, Smart Radish, Surge Buckwheat and Royal Phacelia



Winter

Bouncer Hybrid Forage Brassica, Subzero Hybrid Forage Brassica, Samurai White Mustard, Smart Radish, Surge **Buckwheat and Royal** Phacelia



Spring

Compass Chicory, Balance Chicory, Bouncer Hybrid Forage Brassica, Subzero Hybrid Forage Brassica, Ranger Plantain and Royal Phacelia

Compass Chicory Chicorium intybus

SHORT TERM CHICORY



Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	3	None / XLR8™ optional
High Rainfall/Irrigation	n 5	•

Features & Benefits

Short term type
Excellent establishment vigour
High digestibility and preferred intake
Lowers bloat potential in pasture mixes

Balance Chicory Chicorium intybus

TRUE PERENNIAL-TYPE CHICORY



Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	3	XLR8™
High Rainfall/Irrigation	n 5	

Features & Benefits

True perennial type
Highly digestible dry matter
Excellent pasture mix option
Lowers bloat potential in pasture mixes

Bouncer Hybrid Forage Brassica Brassica napus

EARLY-MATURING HYBRID FORAGE BRASSICA



Features & Benefits

Leafy turnip Very quick to graze, 5 weeks from emergence Quick to recover from grazing No ripening of forage required before grazing



Subzero Hybrid Forage Brassica Brassica napus

LONG SEASON FORAGE BRASSICA WITH COLD TOLERANCE

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland5XLR8™

High Rainfall/Irrigation 8

Features & Benefits

Leafy rape
Withstands frosts as a mature plant
Spring or autumn sowing option
Quick to establish
Nine weeks to first grazing



Ranger Plantain Plantago lanceolata

PERENNIAL GRAZING PLANTAIN

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland1-3XLR8™

High Rainfall/Irrigation 4-8

Features & Benefits

Nutrient accumulator
Highly palatable and digestible forage
Improved livestock weight gains
Forage is an excellent source of trace elements and has drenching properties



Samurai White Mustard Sinapis alba

EARLY/MID MATURING FLORAL RESOURCE FOR BEE FORAGE AND INSECT HABITATION

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland2-8XLR8™ optional

High Rainfall/Irrigation 8-20

Features & Benefits

Abundant floral production
Sustained flowering period
High levels of attraction to bees and other beneficial insects
Additional soil borne disease mitigation

Smart Radish Raphanus sativus L

TILLAGE TYPE RADISH WITH 'PULL-DOWN' BULB



Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	5	Fungicide / XLR8™ optional
High Rainfall/Irrigation	n 8	

Features & Benefits

'Pull-down' bulb grows further into the ground Very quick to establish Increases water infiltration in soils and reduces compaction Highly digestible forage source

Surge Buckwheat

Fagopyrum esculentum



EARLY VIGOUR COVER CROP TO PROVIDE WEED SUPPRESSION AND QUALITY FLORAL RESOURCES

Seeding Rate	kg/ha	Seed Treatment
Dryland	40-60	XLR8™ optional
High Rainfall/Irrigat	ion 60-80	·

Features & Benefits

Scavenger of phosphorous and calcium Quality weed suppressant Attractive to bees with prolific flowering capacity and high nectar flow Fast establishing

Royal Phacelia Phacelia tanacetifolia

PROLONGED FLORAL RESOURCE WITH HIGH LEVELS



Seed Treatment Seeding Rate kg/ha XLR8™ optional Dryland 5-10 High Rainfall/Irrigation 10-15

Features & Benefits

Adapted to autumn or spring sowing Highly attractive to bees and other beneficial insects producing high quality pollen and nectar Nitrogen scavenger Flowers abundantly for a sustained period of time

Choose your Forage					
Product	Species	Crop	Time to graze (from emergence)	Lifespan	
Bouncer	Hybrid Forage Brassica	Leafy turnip	6 weeks	3-6 mths	
Subzero	Hybrid Forage Brassica	Leafy rape	8-9 weeks	6-18 mths	
Compass	Chicory	Short-term	12+ weeks	12-18 mths	
Balance	Chicory	Perennial	12+ weeks	2-3 yrs	
Ranger	Plantain	Perennial	12+ weeks	2+ yrs	
Rebound	Millet	Multi-cut	10+ weeks	3-6 mths	



Case Study:

Calculating crop requirements and making it pay!

Scenario

I have 100 young steers that I want to feed from December to February on a crop of Subzero Hybrid Forage Brassica and Rebound Millet.

What area do I need to sow, and will I make a return?

Assumptions

- A 250kg steer, gaining 1 kg/day has a DSE rating of 9
- Maximum daily feed intake = 0.8 x DSE (or use 1.2 X liveweight ÷ NDF%)
- The crop provides the energy, protein, and fibre requirements for this class of stock and has grown 8 t/ha of Dry Matter (DM)
- · Allow 30% wastage in a set stocked grazing system

Calculations

Step 1: How much crop?

Intake = $0.8 \times 9 = 7.2 \text{ kg DM/head/day}$

7.2 kg + 30% wastage = 9.4 kg DM/head/day

9.4 kg x 100 head = 940 kg DM/day

940 kg x 100 days = 94 tonne to fully feed all steers

94 t \div 8t/ha supplied = 11.75 ha required

Step 2: What's the cost?

Knockdown herbicide/insecticide \$16

Lime & fertiliser \$350

Cultivation/contractor \$300

Seed \$84

Total cost = \$750/ha

Step 3: What have I made?

Stocking rate = $100 \text{ steers} \div 11.75 \text{ ha} = 8.5 \text{ steers/ha}$

Gaining 1 kg/head/day for 100 days = 850 kg/ha

850 kg x 4.00/kg = 3,400.00/ha

Total potential income = \$3,400/ha









Gatton Panic Grass

Panicum maximum

SUBTROPICAL GRASS ADAPTABLE TO A WIDE VARIETY OF SOIL TYPES

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment High Rainfall/Irrigation 6-12 Goldstrike XLR8™

Features & Benefits

Suitable to a variety of soil types Moderately tolerant to drought Suited for grazing or cutting for hay Adaptable, clumping type Long term pasture option Highly productive in good fertility



Bambatsi Panic Grass

Panicum maximum

SUBTROPICAL GRASS WELL SUITED TO HEAVY SOILS

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment High Rainfall/Irrigation 6-12 Goldstrike XLR8™

Features & Benefits

Cold tolerant and drought tolerant High forage quality High levels of animal performance Reliable grass for heavy soils Tolerant to short periods of waterlogging



Premier Digitaria

Digitaria eriantha

SUBTROPICAL GRASS WITH HIGH PALATABILITY AND INTAKE POTENTIAL

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment High Rainfall/Irrigation 6-12 Goldstrike XLR8™

Features & Benefits

Persists well on light soils
Good acid tolerance
Highly palatable
Fine stems result in high animal intake
Clumping type, allows for companion species to thrive
Excellent feed conversion rates

Capricorn Rhodes Grass

Chloris gayana

LATER MATURING SUBTROPICAL FORAGE RHODES GRASS

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment High Rainfall/Irrigation 6-12 Goldstrike XLR8™

Features & Benefits

Later maturing than Katambora
Finer stems
Vigorous regrowth from grazing and cutting for hay
Highly palatable for grazing
Quicker drying for hay cutting due to finer stems
Good salt tolerance

Callide Rhodes Grass

Chloris gayana

IMPROVED SUBTROPICAL RHODES GRASS VARIETY

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment High Rainfall/Irrigation 6-12 Goldstrike XLR8™

Features & Benefits

Drought tolerant
Later flowering than Katambora
Improved palatability
More productivity than Katambora
Greater palatability gives better feed conversion

Bisset Creeping Bluegrass

Bothriochloa insculpta

HIGH QUALITY SUBTROPICAL GRASS WITH EXCELLENT GROUND COVER

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment High Rainfall/Irrigation 6-12 Goldstrike XLR8™

Features & Benefits

Highly palatable
Excellent drought tolerance
Grazing tolerant
Long term perennial grass base for a pasture
Grows in a range of conditions
Later maturity provides longer window of production













Chomper Forage Sorghum Sorghum x Sudan grass hybrid

MID-MATURING SORGHUM X SUDAN FORAGE

Seed Treatment Seeding Rate kg/ha Enhanced or Standard Dryland High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20

Features & Benefits

Large seed size Good early season vigour Quick regrowth after cutting or grazing High leaf to stem ratio



FlexiGraze Forage Sorghum

Sudan x Sorghum Sudan

SUDAN X SUDAN GRASS HYBRID -PHOTOPERIOD SENSITIVE

Seed Treatment Seeding Rate kg/ha **Enhanced or Standard** 3-5 Marginal dryland Dryland 8-15 High Rainfall/Irrigation 20-30

Features & Benefits

Ultra late flowering Grazing flexibility and hay production



Calibre BMR Forage Sorghum

Sorghum x Sudan grass hybrid

EARLY TO MID-MATURING BMR FORAGE SORGHUM

Seeding Rate kg/ha **Seed Treatment** Dryland 4-8 Enhanced or Standard High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20

Features & Benefits

12 gene BMR Highly digestible forage Excellent yield potential Increased livestock weight gain High quality dry matter

Sweet As Forage Sorghum

Sorghum bicolor hybrid

SWEET FORAGE SORGHUM HYBRID



Features & Benefits

Large seed size Late maturing High sugar content

Rebound Forage Millet

Echinochloa esculenta

FAST GROWING SUMMER FORAGE MILLET

Annual Spring & Summer Option

Seeding Ratekg/haSeed TreatmentDryland10-15None/XLR8™ optionalHigh Rainfall/Irrigation 30-40

Features & Benefits

Fast growing summer grass
Safe, good quality feed
Excellent regrowth after cutting
Plant on 14 degrees Celsius soil temperatures and rising





Fine As Forage Sorghum

Sorghum x Sudan x Sudan

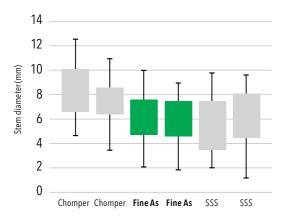
FAST REGROWTH AND HIGH QUALITY HAY FROM FINER STEMS AND LEAVES

Seeding Rate kg/ha Seed Treatment
Dryland 6-10 Enhanced or Standard
High Rainfall/Irrigation 15-20

Features & Benefits

Fine stem and leaves
More cuts per season with fast regrowth
Low prussic acid risk
Better feed utilisation during grazing (less stalk waste)

Fine As Forage Sorghum - Stem Diameter





Fine As is a sudan sorghum hybrid with exceptional regrowth, fine stems and leaves. These traits make it a superb choice for quality hay production and intense grazing where you will get high feed utilisation. Low prussic acid risk of Fine As also means you can Plant with Confidence!

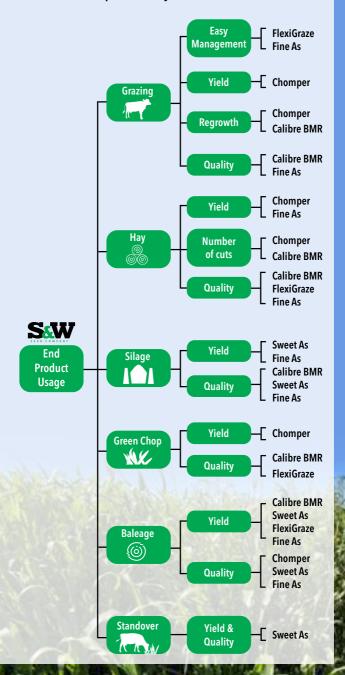


Choose Your Forage Sorghum					
Product	Chomper	Calibre BMR	FlexiGraze	Sweet As	Fine As
Intensive Grazing	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Satisfactory	Excellent
Range Grazing	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Good	Good
Нау	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Satisfactory	Excellent
Silage	Bale wrap	Bale wrap	Bale wrap	Pit/Bunker	Excellent
Standover	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Excellent	Good
Feed Quality	Good	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Excellent
Comments	High forage yield	Best digestibility	Grazing flexibility	Quality silage	Great all-rounder



S&W Forage Sorghum Options

Find the ideal product for your needs



FlexiGraze Forage Sorghum For Hay And Grazing

During wet weather or when new cattle spend time in the yards, Kody Kajewski grows forage sorghum on his property near Dalby, Queensland, to sell to the local hay market and feed his own stock.

Despite having the option of irrigation, the summer growing season in 2021 was so wet he didn't require it.

In his selection process, Kody looks for fine stem varieties that produce as much bulk as possible off the paddock. In past summers, "Nudan" has been the mainstay of his program. Kody allocated a small spot for some "FlexiGraze" to go in beside.

In late November, planting began with decent early rains leading to a successful start, and wet conditions continued throughout the growing season. The first cut was baled in February with a lucky break in the weather, allowing the 4x4 round bales to be taken off the paddock and stored.

In the first cut yield data, "Nudan" led, but the second cut later in the season was where things got interesting.

"The FlexiGraze recovered quickly from the cutting and shot away again with lots of tillers," claimed Kody. On the 2nd cut, he found the FlexiGraze had evened up the score. "Best of all the FlexiGraze didn't push out all the heads as the Nudan had," said Kody. The FlexiGraze demonstrated the "photo period sensitivity" trait of this variety.

"Interestingly, we also find the cows will sniff out a bale of FlexiGraze over the Nudan when we put them in the hay feeder. They really demolish it," Kody noted. "We also found this on the piece we grazed where the cattle chewed it right to the ground, even when there was green grass on the edges of the paddock."







Tanami Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor hybrid



MEDIUM-QUICK MATURITY RED GRAIN SORGHUM SPRING & SUMMER SOWN FEED GRAIN



Medium - quick maturity red grain sorghum



Low tillering with excellent flag leaf separation

Best suited for stored soil moisture or "watered up" irrigation situations due to lower tillering

Seeding Rate

kg/ha

Seed Treatment Enhanced

2.5-5

Dryland High Rainfall/Irrigation 4-6



Features & Benefits

Highly drought tolerant Midge 5 rating Semi-Compact head type Good head exertion allowing easy harvest

Rating scale

Mic	dge rati	ng							
	1	- 1	1	1	5				
Sta	bility								
	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	8	\supset
See	edling v	igour							
	- 1	1	1	1	1	- 1	I	8	\supset
Gra	in size								
	1	1	1	1	1	1	7		\supset
Tille	ering								
	1	- 1	1	1	5				\supset
Irri	gation								
	- 1	- 1	1	1	1	- 1	1	8	

Rating scale: 1-9

- 1 not recommended
- 9 excellent

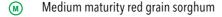
Gibson Grain Sorghum

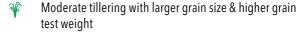
Sorghum bicolor hybrid



MEDIUM MATURITY RED GRAIN SORGHUM SPRING & SUMMER SOWN FEED GRAIN







Will benefit from late rain or supplementary irrigation to maximise grain size

Seeding RateMarginal dryland
Dryland

kg/ha 2.5-5 4-6

Seed Treatment Enhanced



Features & Benefits

Good head exertion Drought tolerant Midge 6 rating Semi-Compact head type Highly adapted to most grain

Highly adapted to most grain sorghum growing regions

Rating scale

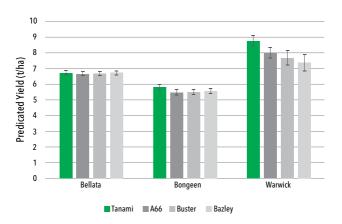
Midge rat	ing							
	1	- 1	1	1	6			$ \bigcirc $
Stability								
	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	\supset
Seedling	vigour							
T I	1	l	ļ.	- 1	- 1	I	8	\supset
Grain size	!							
	1	1	- 1	1	1	- 1	8	\supset
Tillering								
	1	l I	- I	- 1	6			\supset
Irrigation								
1								9

Rating scale: 1-9

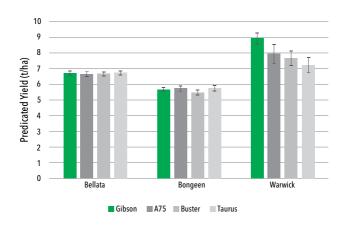
- 1 not recommended
- 9 excellent

TRIAL RESULTS

Tanami Grain Sorghum



Gibson Grain Sorghum



Data collected as part of the S&W Seed Company Australia Research and Development program





SuperSun 66 Sunflower

Healianthus annuus

HYBRID POLYUNSATURATED BLACK SEEDED SUNFLOWER



Proven to perform under marginal dryland in tough seasonal conditions



Semi pendulous head reduces sunburn, head rot and bird damage



Excellent yield potential under favourable conditions with access to premium human consumption markets (dehulling)

Seeding Rate

Marginal dryland Dryland High Rainfall/Irrigation

kernals/ha

25,000-35,000 35,000-45,000 55,000-65,000

Seed Treatment

Cosmos Insecticide

Rating scale

Rating scale: 1-9

- 1 not recommended
- 9 excellent



SOWSMART® BLENDS



Planting Guide

Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, South Australia and Western Australia.



Perennial HR SOWsmart® Blend



Min Rainfall (mm) Soil Type Seeding Rate Usage Pastu	650 Light & Heavy 25-30 kg/ha ire production
Impact Diploid Long Rotation Ryegrass Shootout Perennial Ryegrass	•
Casper White Clover Goldstrike® Riesling White Clover Goldstrike®	10% 10%

Southern Horse HR SOWsmart® Blend

Min Dainfall (mm)



450

wiii kaiiiaii (iiiii <i>)</i>		030
Soil Type		Light & Heavy
Seeding Rate		12-18 kg/ha
Usage	Southern ed	uine pastures
Enduromax Balansa Clov	er	5%
Brighton Continental Cocksfoot		10%
Drylander Diploid Perennial Ryegrass		25%
L71 Lucerne Goldstrike X	LR8™	10%
Hatrik Sub Clover Goldsti	rike®	5%
Impact Diploid Long Rota	ition Ryegrass	s 30%
Matua Prairie Grass		15%

Southern Horse LR SOWsmart® Blend







Northern Horse HS SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)		650
Soil Type		Heavy
Seeding Rate		5 kg/ha
Usage	Northern equine p	astures
Bambatsi Panic Goldstrik	e XLR8™	20%
Enduromax Balansa Clov	er Goldstrike®	10%
GTL60 Lucerne Goldstrike	e XLR8™	20%
Katambora Rhodes Grass	Goldstrike XLR8™	25%
Matua Prairie Grass		25%



Northern Horse LS SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)	650
Soil Type	Light
Seeding Rate	10-15 kg/ha
Usage	Northern equine pastures
Enduromax Balansa Clove	er Goldstrike® 10%
Gatton Panic Goldstrike X	_R8™ 35%
L71 Lucerne Goldstrike XI	R8™ 20%
Premier Digitara Goldstrik	te XLR8™ 35%



Grazier SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)	400
Soil Type	Light & Heavy
Seeding Rate	18-25 kg/ha
Usage Pasti	ure production
Enduromax Balansa Clover Goldstrike	® 25%
Dalsa Sub Clover Goldstrike®	5%
Drylander Diploid Perennial Ryegrass	30%
Hatrik Sub Clover Goldstrike®	10%
Origin Mediterranean Fescue	20%
Sunrise Phalaris	10%

PersistorSOWsmart® Blend



Min Rainfall (mm)		450
Soil Type	Suitable t	o most
Seeding Rate	18-2	5 kg/ha
Usage	Pasture prod	duction
Australis Prostrate Summer Acti	ve Phalaris	15%
Cavalier Spineless Burr Medic C	Goldstrike®	10%
Border Balansa Clover Golstrike	®	10%
Brighton Continental Cocksfoot	į.	15%
Dalsa Sub Clover Goldstrike®		20%
Hatrik Sub Clover Goldstrike®		10%
Origin Mediterranean Fescue		20%

Winter Max SOWsmart® Blend





Winter Express SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)

Soil Type
Suitable to most
Seeding Rate
Usage
Pasture grazing/Hay and silage
Loader Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass
Turbo Persian Clover Goldstrike®
20%
Baler Balansa Clover Goldstrike®
10%





Winter Feed SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)350Soil TypeSuitable to mostSeeding Rate23-35 kg/haUsagePasture grazing/Hay and silageKoga Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass70%Turbo Persian Clover Goldstrike®30%



HDL SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm) 350 **Soil Type** Suitable to most **Seeding Rate** 20-25 kg/ha Usage Pasture production Cavalier Spineless Burr Medic Goldstrike® 30% Border Balansa Clover Goldstrike® 20% 7ulumax Arrowleaf Clover Goldstrike® 25% SARDI Persian Clover Goldstrike® 25%



Bloat Fighter SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)350Soil TypeLight & HeavySeeding Rate4-6 kg/haUsagePasture productionCompass Chicory30%171 Lucerne Goldstrike XLR8™70%

Medic Haygraze LR SOWsmart® Blend





Medic Oversow SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm) 350
Soil Type Suitable to most
Seeding Rate 3-10 kg/ha
Usage Pasture production
Cavalier Spineless Burr Medic Goldstrike® 25%
Bindaroo Button Medic Goldstrike® 25%

Penfield Spineless Barrel Medic Goldstrike®



25%

25%

Spring Silage SOWsmart® Blend

Forage Peas

Silver Snail Medic Goldstrike®

Min Rainfall (mm) 350
Soil Type Suitable to most
Seeding Rate 120-180 kg/ha
Usage Fodder conservation
S&W Overland Forage Oats 50%



50%



SAW All Grass Row LR SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)	400
Soil Type	Suitable to most
Seeding Rate	35-40 kg/ha
Usage	Cover crop/Interrow
Brighton Continental Cocksfoot	20%
Dryland Diploid Perennial Ryeg	rass 40%
Wimmera Annual Ryegrass	40%



Irrigated Row SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)	700
Soil Type	Suitable to most
Seeding Rate	40-50 kg/ha
Usage Co	over crop/Interrow
Brighton Continental Cocksfoot	20%
Impact Diploid Long Rotation Ryeg	yrass 60%
Casper White Clover Goldstrike®	10%
Riesling White Clover Goldstrike®	10%



Green Manure Row SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)	400
Soil Type	Suitable to most
Seeding Rate	140-160 kg/ha
Usage	Cover crop/Interrow
Forage Peas	20%
Faba Beans	20%
S&W Overland Forage Oats	50%
Timok Vetch	10%

Regen Row SOWsmart® Blend



Min Rainfall (mm)	650
Soil Type S	uitable to most
Seeding Rate	35-40 kg/ha
Usage Cove	er crop/Interrow
Bindaroo Button Medic Goldstrike®	10%
Cavalier Spineless Burr Medic Goldst	rike® 10%
Enduromax Balansa Clover Goldstrike	e® 10%
Wimmera Annual Ryegrass	70%

WINS Row SOWsmart® Blend





Dryland Medic Row SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm) 550 **Soil Type** Suitable to most **Seeding Rate** 35-40 kg/ha Cover crop/Interrow Usage **Brighton Continental Cocksfoot** 20% Drylander Diploid Perennial Ryegrass 40% Cavalier Spineless Burr Medic Goldstrike® 20% Silver Snail Medic Goldstrike® 20%





Sow Dryland Sub Clover Row SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)	550
Soil Type	Suitable to most
Seeding Rate	35-40 kg/ha
Usage	Cover crop/Interrow
Hatrik Sub Clover Goldstrike®	10%
Enduromax Balansa Clover Gold	Istrike® 10%
Brighton Continental Cocksfoot	20%
Dalsa Sub Clover Goldstrike®	10%
Drylander Diploid Perennial Rye	egrass 50%

150

50%



Pollinator SOWsmart® Blend

Min Rainfall (mm)	650
Soil Type	Light & Heavy
Seeding Rate	40-60 kg/ha
Usage	Cover crop/Interrow
Bee-Ready Brassica	13%
Presto Vetch	50%
Smart Radish Fungicide Treated	13%
Samurai White Mustard	12%
Enduromax Balansa Clover Gold	Istrike® 6%
SARDI Persian Clover Goldstrike	® 6%



Multi Species Soil Builder SOWsmart® Blend

Min Kaintaii (mm)	450
Soil Type	Suitable to most
Seeding Rate	50-65 kg/ha
Usage	Cover crop/Interrow
Compass Chicory	2%
Presto Vetch	20%
Ranger Plantain XLR8™	2%
Smart Radish Fungicide Treated	4%
Subzero Hybrid Forage Brassica	4%
Loader Tetraploid Annual Ryegra	nss 10%
SARDI Persian Clover Goldstrike	® 4%
White Ouinga	4%

S&W Overland Forage Oats



Seed size chart

Species	Seeds per kg
Lucerne	
All	440,000
Clover & Pasture Leg	umes
Medic Strand	400,000
Medic Button	250,000
Medic Barrel	260,000
Medic Snail	130,000
Medic Spineless Burr	300,000
Sub Clover	120,000
White Clover	1,600,000
Red Clover Diploid	500,000
Red Clover Tetraploid	295,000
Balansa	1,450,000
Persian Soft	1,200,000
Persian Hard	1,400,000
Arrowleaf	880,000
Crimson	308,000
Rose	331,000
Berseem	326,000
Strawberry	766,000
Gland	1,430,000
Bladder	500,000
Serradella Yellow	196,000
Biserrulla	1,000,000
Pasture Grasses	
Ryegrass Tetraploid	250,000
Ryegrass Diploid	460,000
Tall Fescue	420,000
Phalaris	650,000
Cocksfoot	1,300,000
Prairie Grass	136,000

Disclaimer: Seed size table above is an average only, actual seed size can differ on a seasonal basis, this is a guide only.

Seed size chart

Species	Seeds per kg
Forage Herbs & Bras	sica
Plantain	500,000
Chicory	830,000
Forage Brassica	300,000
Smart Radish	55,000
Winter Legumes and	l Cereals
Vetch	22,000
Wheat	28,000
Triticale	30,000
Oats	28,000
Field pea	6,600
Barley	30,800
Forage Sorghums &	Millet
Millet	180,400
Sudan Grass	50,000
Sweet Sorghum	30,000
Sorghum X Sudan	30,000
Tropical Grasses & Le	gumes
Bambatsi	1,075,300
Premier	2,325,600
Gatton	1,470,600
Narok	877,200
Gayndah	350,900
Biloela	534,800
Callide	3,030,300
Katambora	4,166,700
Kikuyu	410,000
Paspalum	704,000
Puccinellia	5,000,000
Stylo	264,000
Centro	33,000
Cow Pea - Ebony	8,000
Cow Pea - Red Caloona	15,000
Lablab	6,000

Seed Treatment Options

At S&W Seed Company Australia we are always looking to new technology - constantly striving to improve our offering - bringing the latest technology, with even better performance to our leading forage products.

Goldstrike®

S&W Seed Company Goldstrike[®] includes rhizobia inoculation, micronutrient package and Apron® XL fungicide (where available on label). Goldstrike® is comprised of the highest quality seed and coating technology and is the best establishment package for pasture legumes.

Goldstrike LongLife®

Goldstrike LongLife® offers extended rhizobia storage life on a range of species. Goldstrike LongLife® can provide up to six months storage life on medic and sub clover, and up to 12 months storage life on lucerne.

XLR8TM

XLR8™ treatment is a film coat application of Poncho® Plus insecticide.

Treatment Reference Guide

	Micro Nutrient	Rhizobia Inoculation	Apron®XL Fungicide*
Goldstrike®	1	J	1
Goldstrike LongLife®	1	1	1
Goldstrike LongLife® XLR8™	1	1	1
Goldstrike XLR8®	1	1	1
XLR8™			

^{*}Where available on label ** Six months storage life on medics and sub clovers, and up to 12 months storage life on lucernes.



Gaucho®

Poncho® Plus is a significant advancement in the seed treatment market. It is an innovative insecticidal seed treatment that has registration across a range of pasture species and forage crops.

Poncho® Plus combines two robust compounds, imidacloprid and clothianidin, which increase the insect control spectrum above other seed treatment options. Poncho® Plus provides protection during establishment against a range of pests including Redlegged Earth Mite, Cutworm and Lucerne Flea. Poncho® Plus also offers added establishment vigour in the early growth stage of the plant.

The benefits from our XLR8™ seed treatment not only comes in the form of insect protection, but also shows long term benefit in assisting early seedling plant growth. This is demonstrated with greater root system development in seedlings, leading to higher overall pasture establishment and long-term pasture production.

Our XLR8™ seed treatment comes standard on all brassicas, herbs, and our premium proprietary lucerne varieties. Our XLR8™ seed treatment can be applied upon request to all seed products where registration is applicable.

LongLife tested**	Poncho® Plus Insecticide	Gaucho® Insecticide	Film coat only
J			
1	1		
	J		
	J		1
		1	1

Treatment Reference Guide

		SEED TREATMENT			
	ncho® Plus mparison Chart	Poncho® Plus Broadleaf Pasture	Poncho® Plus Grass Pasture	Gaucho®	
	Redlegged Earth Mite	1	1	1	
enefits	Lucerne Flea	1	1		
ims B	Blue Oat Mite	1	1	1	
Registered Claims Benefits	Cutworm	1	1		
egiste	Yellowheaded Cockchafer		1		
~	African Black Beetle		1		
	May offer Stress Shield™ benefits	1	1	J	
protection for emerg seedlings	Up to four weeks systemic protection for emerging seedlings	1	1	1	
Benefits	Protection against some soil pests	1	1		
	Low impact on beneficial species	1	1	J	
	Targeted chemical placement	1	1	1	



Chlorpyrifos	Ground Spray Dimethoate	SP Folia
1	J	1
1	1	
1	1	1
1		

J



For technical advice please contact your local S&W Territory Manager

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